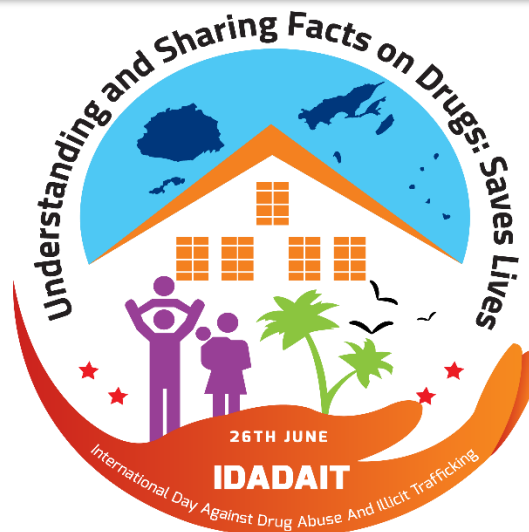




**“UNDERSTANDING AND  
SHARING FACTS ON DRUGS :  
SAVE LIVES.”**



## **IDADAIT SCHOOL ACTIVITY BOOKLET 2022**



**International Day  
Against Drug Abuse**

## INTERNATIONAL DAY AGAINST DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING (IDADAIT) No Drugs Week - School Based Activities

IDADAIT stands for International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking. The aim is to reduce the incidents and minimize the impact of drugs and substances abuse in our schools by promoting healthy lifestyles through awareness and education. It also provides interventions such as counselling for young people affected by substance and drug abuse in schools.

The commemoration of IDADAIT in Fiji schools since 2008 has evolved over the years with the inclusion of many social issues, but majorly focusing on:

- *Prevention of Suicide - Promoting Good Mental Health*
- *Reduce Alcohol and Other Drugs*

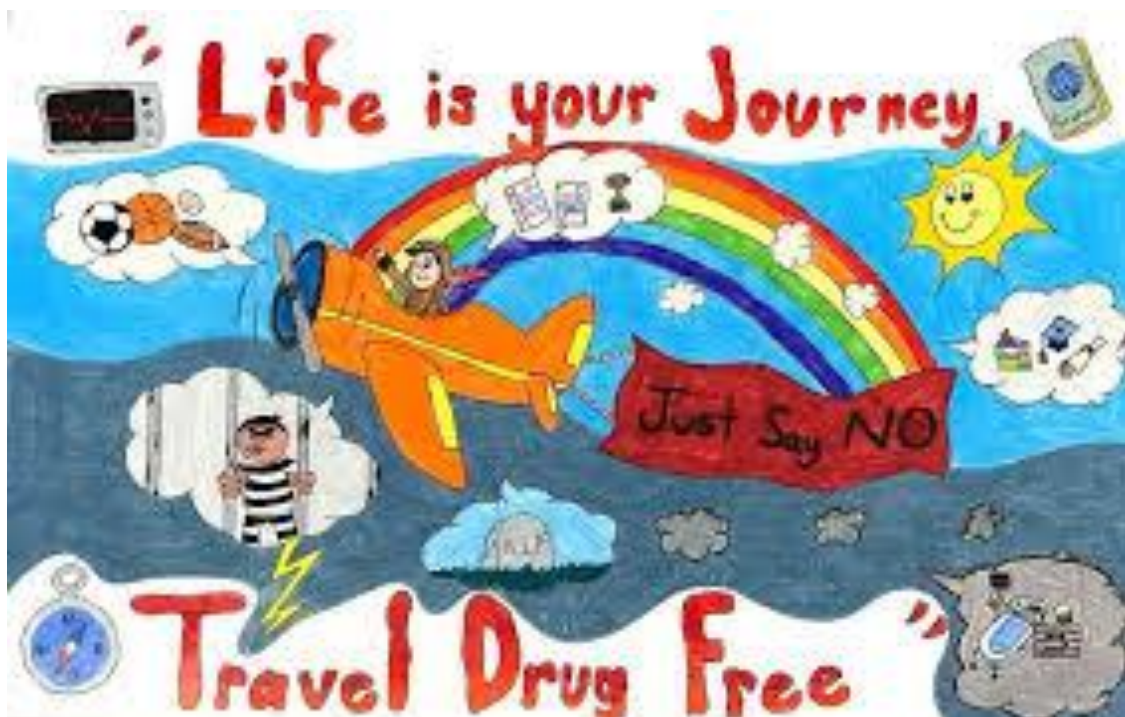
The IDADAIT Campaign has been successfully implemented in all schools in Fiji due to tremendous involvement of students, teachers, school managements, parents and other stakeholders.

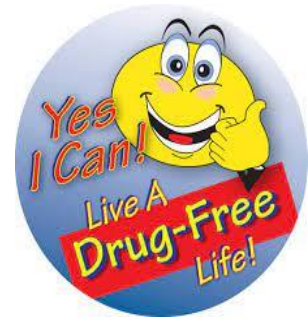
Teachers and students have kindly given their time, talent, energy and resources to create a well-recognized school based campaign on the very close relationship between drugs and substance abuse, with mental health.

We invite you to join with the millions around the globe as we proclaim our support and dedication to the creation of healthy school environments that promote and support healthy children.

School communities are a powerful resource and children are our future.

**NOTE: The activities must NOT depict or display any self-harm or death /suicide.**





**IDADAIT Awareness Day  
(Reduce Alcohol and Other Drugs)  
School Based Activities**

*Friday 1st July 2022*

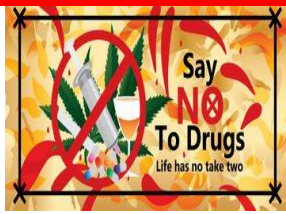
**Say No to Alcohol and  
Other Drugs.**

**Wear your favorite  
Red Bula Attire to  
Say No to Alcohol and  
Other Drugs.**

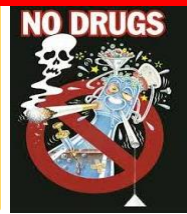


**I HAVE BIG  
PLANS FOR  
MY FUTURE  
THAT'S  
WHY I  
CHOOSE TO  
BE **DRUG  
FREE****





Friday 01/07/22  
**SAY NO TO ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUGS**



### PRIMARY SCHOOL LEVELS

1. **Short poetry recital** – students to prepare short poems, drawings and display to their classroom
2. **Book markers** –students can collect old buttons, strings and pins to decorate simple book marks with class.
3. **Short skit** – Base on theme, teachers must provide a short plays to their class.
4. **Short song** – student to write a short songs about the theme.
5. **Model Display** – teachers should set model display for their classroom base on the theme.
6. **Narrative Essay (maximum 150 words)** – Teacher can organize oratory competition for students only 80 words base on the theme.
7. **Short Oratory** – Students can prepare short oratory speech during morning talk base on the theme.
8. **Poster Competition** - teachers to organize Poster Competition for students based on the theme
9. **Classroom/bulletin Corner booth display** – teachers can display all charts and student's work at the Corner Booth and divide the class for the decoration based on the theme.

*(The School Coordinator/HOS – to decide which activity they want to carry on the days)*

### SECONDARY SCHOOL LEVELS

1. **Poetry recital** – students to prepare poetry based on the theme and have it pasted at their classroom organization board.
2. **Banner Display** – students to prepare banner based on the theme and have it displayed in their own classrooms.
3. **Role-play** - students to prepare role-play based on the theme.
4. **Song** – teachers to organize song competition for students based on the theme.
5. **Model Display** – teachers to organize model display competition for students based on the theme.
6. **Advertisement advocacy (TV/Radio)** – students to prepare TV/Radio Advertisement advocacy based on theme.
7. **Diary Entry (maximum 100 words)** – students to prepare Diary Entry based on theme.
8. **Poster Competition** – teachers to organize Poster Competition for students based on the theme.
9. **Classroom/bulletin Corner booth display** - teachers to organize Classroom/Bulletin Corner Booth Display competition for students based on the theme.

*(The School Coordinator/HOS – to decide which activity they want to carry on the days)*



## ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES TO SUIT THE DAY

1. Invite Fiji Police Drug Unit, Ministry of Health (Public Health Nurse), Border Control Officers [FIRCA], Juvenile Unit, Legal Aid Commission, Drug Free Fiji, SAAC officers or Faith Based leaders and Education Officers to address the students on the dangers of drugs in their life.
2. Invite Drug Survivors to address the students.
3. **Decision Making Skills** – Helping Primary school students to make right choices in life with regards to drug use.
4. **Rethink your drink** – Tell the students to bring bottle of water / coconut water/fresh natural fruit juice and remind them that those beverages are healthy for their body.
5. **Student's activity** – creative posters, debate, banners, bookmark, oratory, panel discussion, display corner promoting a Life Free of Drugs.  
**Display Red color (optional)** – display Red colors on trees, door knobs, fences, desks, tables, etc.

### Slogans on Anti-Drugs

- Invest in yourself and your capabilities. Life has the ability to take you way above than drugs ever can.
- When given a choice, choose life over drugs. Your future self will thank you for saving yourself from the trauma.
- Don't let them trick you. It's a death trap. Don't let drugs take over your life.
- Drugs will drag you down. Be proud of yourself and say no to drugs.



I pledge to stay in school and learn the things I need to know.

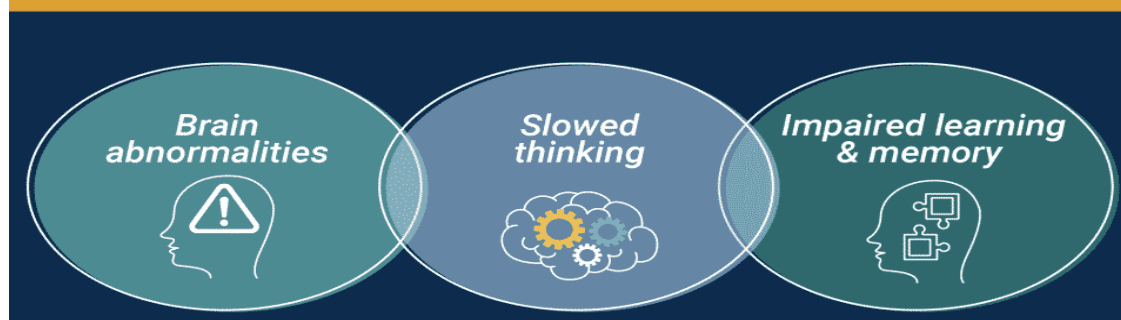
I pledge to make the world a better place for kids like me to grow.

I pledge to keep my dreams alive & be all that I can be.

I pledge to help others and to keep myself drug-free.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## EFFECTS OF DRUG USE



## INFORMATION GUIDE - TO CREATE AWARENESS

### ❖ DRUG USE

The use of **illegal drugs or the use** of prescription or over-the-counter drugs for purposes other than those for which they are meant to be used, or in excessive amounts.

### ❖ TYPES OF DRUGS

#### (i) *Legal Drugs*

Legal drugs are those that are allowed under the law to be consumed. Alcohol, tobacco and kava are allowed under the law. Apart from these, medications pre-scribed by the doctor are also legal drugs.

#### (ii) *Illegal Drugs*

Illegal drugs are drugs that are not allowed to use, cultivate, transport, sell or produce under the law. The maximum penalties can be life imprisonment. Whenever we think or hear of the phrase illegal drugs, images of marijuana and other psychotic and hallucinogenic come across our minds. Methamphetamine, Cocaine, heroin, Cannabis, etc. are some of the popularly known illegal drugs.

### ❖ CATEGORIES OF DRUGS

#### (i) *Stimulants*

Stimulants are drugs speed up the central nervous system and brain and produce bursts of Energy. As many people deal with issues that result in fatigue, stress, and sluggishness in their day-to-day routine, stimulants often seem like a viable solution to living an energetic and accomplished life. Stimulants are both prescription and illegal, yet all are addictive.

#### (ii) *Depressants*

Depressants are drugs that help slow the central nervous system and brain. Their desired effects include a sense of relaxation and calming the body and mind. Some drugs are both depressants and narcotics, such as the opiate heroin. While opiates are pain relievers or analgesics, they also have depressant factors. One depressant frequently sold and used worldwide is alcohol.

#### (iii) *Hallucinogen*

Hallucinogens are known for altering mood, sensory awareness, and perception. As hallucinogenic drugs enter the bloodstream and brain, a variety of effects are experienced. Most notable are sensations of being out of the body, having an altered sense of perception, and deeper awareness of surroundings. Hallucinogens provide a sense of perception not based on reality produced through the normal

### ❖ DRUG ABUSE

**Drug abuse** is **when you use legal or illegal substances in ways you shouldn't**. You might take more than the regular dose of pills or use someone else's prescription. You may abuse drugs to feel good, ease stress, or avoid reality. But usually, you're able to change your unhealthy habits or stop using altogether.

## ❖ DRUG ADDICTION

**Drug addiction**, also called substance use disorder, is a disease that affects a person's brain and behavior and leads to an inability to control the use of a legal or illegal drug or medication. Substances such as alcohol, marijuana and nicotine also are considered drugs. When you're addicted, you may continue using the drug despite the harm it causes.

The risk of addiction and how fast you become addicted varies by drug. Some drugs, such as opioid painkillers, have a higher risk and cause addiction more quickly than others.

As time passes, you may need larger doses of the drug to get high. Soon you may need the drug just to feel good. As your drug use increases, you may find that it's increasingly difficult to go without the drug. Attempts to stop drug use may cause intense cravings and make you feel physically ill (withdrawal symptoms).

### Symptoms

Drug addiction symptoms or behaviors include, among others:

- Feeling that you have to use the drug regularly — daily or even several times a day
- Having intense urges for the drug that block out any other thoughts
- Over time, needing more of the drug to get the same effect
- Taking larger amounts of the drug over a longer period of time than you intended
- Making certain that you maintain a supply of the drug
- Spending money on the drug, even though you can't afford it
- Not meeting obligations and work responsibilities, or cutting back on social or recreational activities because of drug use
- Continuing to use the drug, even though you know it's causing problems in your life or causing you physical or psychological harm
- Doing things to get the drug that you normally wouldn't do, such as stealing
- Driving or doing other risky activities when you're under the influence of the drug
- Spending a good deal of time getting the drug, using the drug or recovering from the effects of the drug
- Failing in your attempts to stop using the drug
- Experiencing withdrawal symptoms when you attempt to stop taking the drug

## ❖ CAUSES OF USING DRUGS

Like many other mental and physical health problems, multiple factors can and usually do contribute to drug addiction. The most frequently observed contributing causes of drug addiction include:

- **Genetics.** How your body and brain react to a particular drug is in part determined by your inherited traits, those encoded by your genes. Those traits can speed up or slow down the way the disease of addiction develops.
- **Environment.** Environmental factors, such as your access to healthcare, exposure to a peer group that tolerates or encourages drug abuse, your educational opportunities, the presence of drugs in your home, your beliefs and attitudes, and your family's use of drugs are factors in the first use of drugs for most people, and whether that use escalates into addiction.

## ❖ CONSEQUENCES OF DRUG ABUSE

Young people who persistently abuse substances often experience an array of problems, including academic difficulties, health-related problems (including mental health), poor peer relationships, and involvement with the juvenile justice system. Additionally, there are consequences for family members, the community, and the entire society.

- *Academics*

Declining grades, absenteeism from school and other activities, and increased potential for dropping out of school are problems associated with adolescent substance abuse. Hawkins, Catalano, and Miller (1992) cite research indicating that a low level of commitment to education and higher truancy rates appear to be related to substance use among adolescents. Cognitive and behavioral problems experienced by alcohol- and drug-using youth may interfere with their academic performance and also present obstacles to learning for their classmates (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1992).

- *Physical health*

Injuries due to accidents (such as car accidents), physical disabilities and diseases, and the effects of possible overdoses are among the health-related consequences of teenage substance abuse. Disproportionate numbers of youth involved with alcohol and other drugs face an increased risk of death through suicide, homicide, accident, and illness.

- *Mental health*

Mental health problems such as depression, developmental lags, apathy, withdrawal, and other psychosocial dysfunctions frequently are linked to substance abuse among adolescents. Substance-abusing youth are at higher risk than nonusers for mental health problems, including depression, conduct problems, personality disorders, suicidal thoughts, attempted suicide, and suicide. Marijuana use, which is prevalent among youth, has been shown to interfere with short-term memory, learning, and psychomotor skills. Motivation and psychosexual/emotional development also may be influenced (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1992).

- *Peers*

Substance-abusing youth often are alienated from and stigmatized by their peers. Adolescents using alcohol and other drugs also often disengage from school and community activities, depriving their peers and communities of the positive contributions they might otherwise have made.

- *Families*

In addition to personal adversities, the abuse of alcohol and other drugs by youth may result in family crises and jeopardize many aspects of family life, sometimes resulting in family dysfunction. Both siblings and parents are profoundly affected by alcohol- and drug-involved youth (Nowinski, 1990). Substance abuse can drain a family's financial and emotional resources (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1992).

- *Social and economic consequences*

The social and economic costs related to youth substance abuse are high. They result from the financial losses and distress suffered by alcohol- and drug-related crime victims, increased burdens for the support of adolescents and young adults who are not able to become self-supporting, and greater demands for medical and other treatment services for these youth (Gropper, 1985).



## ❖ ADDICTION AS A COPING TECHNIQUE

As addiction is considered a brain disease with behavioral implications, professional help is optimal in helping to restore a healthy balance to the brain and create new and healthier coping mechanisms. Addiction treatment programs use behavioral therapies, counseling, supportive measures, and often medications to regulate brain chemistry and build new and improved habits and life skills for recovery. Stress and anger management, communication skills, relapse prevention tools, and new coping mechanisms are learned.

During addiction treatment, individuals are taught methods for managing cravings and handling potential triggers that may arise. There are many healthy alternatives to using addiction as a coping mechanism, and these alternatives can be used in recovery to minimize relapse and keep moving forward. They include:

- **Exercise:** Healthy doses of exercise release endorphins and help to reduce tension, stabilize moods, and improve self-esteem and sleep habits.
- **Mindfulness meditation:** Yoga, meditation, and mindfulness meditation can be useful as coping mechanisms to bring about self-reflection and make people more in tune with their bodies.
- **Spirituality:** For many, finding faith and a connection to a higher power can provide an inner strength and strong foundation for managing difficulties as well as for self-introspection.
- **Positive reframing:** Try to think of things in a positive light instead of a negative one. By thinking of conflicts positively, perspectives can be changed for the better.
- **Humor:** Humor is considered a healthy coping mechanism, as laughter can help people to see things in a lighter frame of mind.
- **Problem-solving:** By identifying a problem as it arises, a person can better learn how to handle it and not be overwhelmed by the issue.
- **Communication and support:** Talk it out, and don't be afraid to ask for help when needed. Healthy communication can be a great outlet for releasing stress, and it can be helpful to have a support group of peers, therapists, family members, friends, and mentors to lean on and talk to on regular basis.

## REFERENCES

- <https://your-drug-crime-lawyer.com/drug-trafficking-and-its-many-consequences/#:~:text=The%20penalties%20for%20drug%20trafficking,drugs%2C%20and%20the%20distribution%20area.>
- <https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/drug-addiction/symptoms-causes/syc-20365112>
- <https://www.mind.org.uk/information-support/types-of-mental-health-problems/drugs-recreational-drugs-alcohol/types-of-recreational-drug/>
- <https://blackbearrehab.com/blog/legal-consequences-of-drug-abuse/>
- <https://ojjdp.ojp.gov/sites/g/files/xyckuh176/files/pubs/drugid/ration-03.html>
- <https://summitbhc.com/drug-addiction-consequences/>
- <https://americanaddictioncenters.org/sobriety-guide/coping-mechanism>

## FIJI CORRECTIONS SERVICE STATISTICS 2015 – JAN 2021

*[Appendix 1]*

### GOOD MENTAL HEALTH

To Be Healthy As A Whole, Mental Wellness Plays A Role

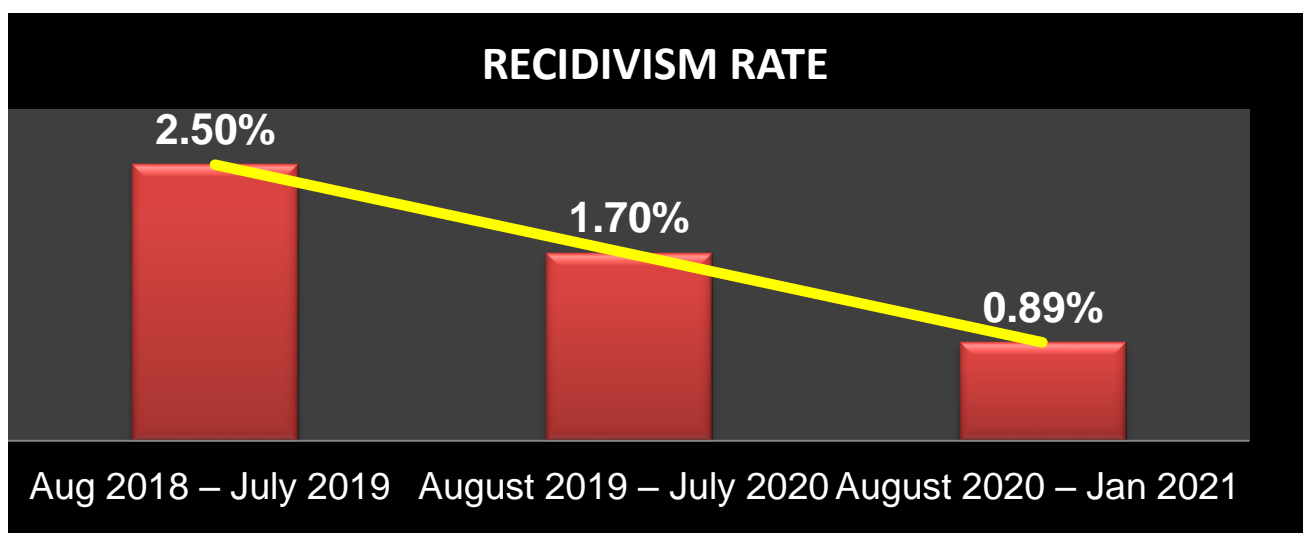
A Healthy Body Should Include, Mental Illness And Positive Mood.

MIND Your Health our Mind Is Important To Your Health,

### RECIDIVISM RATE

YEAR	2015	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021
Recidivist	102	95	27	59	48	18
Discharge	790	1306	1044	1382	1435	2018
%	5.19%	6.18%	1.50%	2.50%	1.70%	0.84%

Year	Aug 18 – July 19	Aug 19 – July 20	Aug 20 – Jan 21
Re -offenders	59	48	18
New admission	1410	1240	599
Discharged prisoners	1382	1435	2018
Recidivism rate (%)	2.5%	1.70%	0.89%



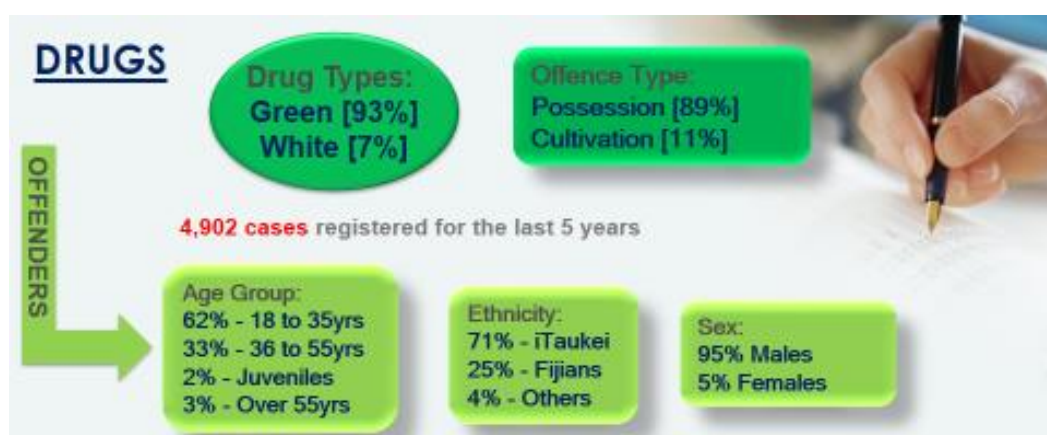
- ☐ Two years follow up period from EPD
- ☐ Impact of rehabilitation focus and YR program

**(SOURCE: THE FIJI POLICE SYMPOSIUM; 2021: THE PEARL RESORT)**

## FIJI POLICE FORCE 2016 -2020 DATA

### PREVALENT CRIMES – (2016-2020)





### 2019-2020 COMPARISON

## CRIME KPI ACHIEVEMENTS (2019 TO 2020)

S/no.	Crime KPIs	2019	2020	% Change
1	Reduce Overall Crime by 10%	16,939	20,329	+20%
2	Reduce Serious Crime by 10%	2,727	2,573	-6%
3	Reduce Crime Against Women by 10%	2,717	2,908	+7%
4	Reduce Crime Against Children by 10%	1,141	1,119	-2%
5	Maintain Detection Rate above 70%	68%	72%	72%
6	No. of Illicit drugs cases registered	1,222	1,413	+16%



## SERIOUS OFFENCES BY DIVISIONS (2019 TO 2020)

Year	2019 and 2020 – Divisional Comparison											
	SOUTH		WEST		EAST		NORTH		CENTRAL		TOTAL	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
<b>Serious Offences</b>												
Rape & Att./ Rape	87	69	79	83	57	56	20	28	7	5	250	241
Defilement of children under 13 years	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
Defilement of young persons between 13-16 years	31	19	17	14	9	7	21	13	2	0	80	53
Murder	8	2	11	7	1	3	2	7	4	1	26	20
Agg/Robbery	194	238	130	69	34	30	7	12	81	37	446	386
Burglary	601	782	775	624	173	146	194	216	94	71	1,837	1,839
Arson & SFTC	4	4	9	3	2	2	2	1	0	0	17	10
Theft of Motor Vehicle	33	12	16	8	7	1	4	0	8	3	68	24
<b>Total</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>1,126</b>	<b>1,038</b>	<b>808</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>2,727</b>	<b>2,573</b>

## OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES STATISTICS

No.	Social Issues Statistics	2019	2020	% Change
1	Drowning	41	48	+17%
2	Suicide	123	94	-24%
3	Attempted Suicide	121	108	-11%

(SOURCE: THE FIJI POLICE SYMPOSIUM; 2021: THE PEARL RESORT)

# MINISTRY OF HEALTH & MEDICAL SERVICES

## Teenage Pregnancy by Age-Group, Race & Year 2015-2016 & Jan-Jun 2017

Year	Age group			MOHMS CBA POP	Rates in 1000 CBA Pop	Race			
	<15 yrs	15-19yrs	Total			I-Taukei	Fijian Indian Descent	Fijian of Other Descent	Total
2015	38	5255	5293	214934	24.6	3719	1382	192	5293
2016	48	1456	1504	211709	7.1	314	1117	73	1504
Jan-June 2017	31	509	540	211709	2.6	415	107	18	540

## Teenage Pregnancy by Division, Age-Group, Race & Year - 2015-2016

	Age group			MOHMS CBA POP	Rates 1000 Pop	in CBA	Race				
	<15 yrs	15- 19yrs	Total				I- Taukei	Fijian Indian Descent	of Fijian Descent	Other Descent	Total
Year 2015											
Divisio n	<15 yrs	15- 19yrs	Total	MOHMS CBA POP	Rates 1000 Pop	in CBA	I- Taukei	Fijian Indian Descent	of Fijian Descent	Other Descent	Total
Total	38	5255	5293	214934	24.63		3719	1382		192	5293
Central	6	1685	1691	88334	19.14		1302	303		86	1691
Eastern	0	135	135	8078	16.71		130	0		5	135
Northern	21	1002	1023	32771	31.22		716	262		45	1023
Western	11	2433	2444	85751	28.50		1571	817		56	2444

## Tuberculosis Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Division

Num discharged (Sum)	Division (Cou)						
Year (Sum)	Central	Eastern	Northern	Overseas	Western	Grand Total	
2015	166	7	44	1	51	269	
2016	130	13	55		63	261	
2017	137	5	40		64	246	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>776</b>	

## Tuberculosis Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Ethnicity

Num discharged (Sum)	Ethnicity (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Fijian of Indian descent	ITaukei	Other	Grand Total
2015	21	227	21	269
2016	13	230	18	261
2017	30	195	21	246
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>776</b>

### Tuberculosis Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Gender

Num discharged (Sum)	Gender (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Female	Male	Unknown	Grand Total
2015	104	165		<b>269</b>
2016	108	153		<b>261</b>
2017	100	144	2	<b>246</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>776</b>

Num discharged (Sum)	Division (Cou)						
Year (Sum)		Central	Eastern	Northern	Overseas	Western	Grand Total
2015		446	28	200	1	307	<b>982</b>
2016	1	393	28	227	3	333	<b>985</b>
2017	1	438	24	184	3	300	<b>950</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1277</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>2917</b>

### Stroke Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Ethnicity

Num discharged (Sum)	Ethnicity (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Fijian of Indian descent	ITau kei	Other	Grand Total
2015	369	581	32	<b>982</b>
2016	393	551	41	<b>985</b>
2017	378	518	54	<b>950</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1140</b>	<b>1650</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>2917</b>

### Stroke Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Gender

Num discharged (Sum)	Gender (Cou)		
Year (Sum)	Female	Male	Grand Total
2015	469	513	<b>982</b>
2016	496	489	<b>985</b>
2017	445	505	<b>950</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1410</b>	<b>1507</b>	<b>2917</b>

### Suicide/Attempted Suicide Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Division

Primary Diagnosis Description (Cou)				
Num discharged (Sum)	Division (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Central	Northern	Western	Grand Total
2015	5	4	19	<b>28</b>
2016	2	1	7	<b>10</b>
2017	8	1	17	<b>26</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>64</b>

## SUICIDE/ATTEMPTED SUICIDE 2015-2017

Primary Diagnosis Description (Cou)

Num discharged (Sum)	Ethnicity (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Fijian of Indian descent	ITaukei	Other	Grand Total
2015	17	9	2	28
2016	9	1		10
2017	23	3		26
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>64</b>

### Suicide/Attempted Suicide Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Gender

Primary Diagnosis Description (Cou)

Num discharged (Sum)	Gender (Cou)		
Year (Sum)	Female	Male	Grand Total
2015	23	5	28
2016	7	3	10
2017	15	11	26
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>64</b>

### Mental Illness Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Division

Num discharged (Sum)	Division (Cou)						
Year (Sum)		Central	Eastern	Northern	Overseas	Western	Grand Total
2015		127	11	107	2	258	505
2016		111	8	122	6	200	447
2017	1	104	20	103	2	188	418
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>342</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>1370</b>

### Mental Illness Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Ethnicity

Num discharged (Sum)	Ethnicity (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Fijian of Indian descent	ITaukei	Other	Grand Total
2015	277	195	33	505
2016	226	185	36	447
2017	200	184	34	418
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>1370</b>

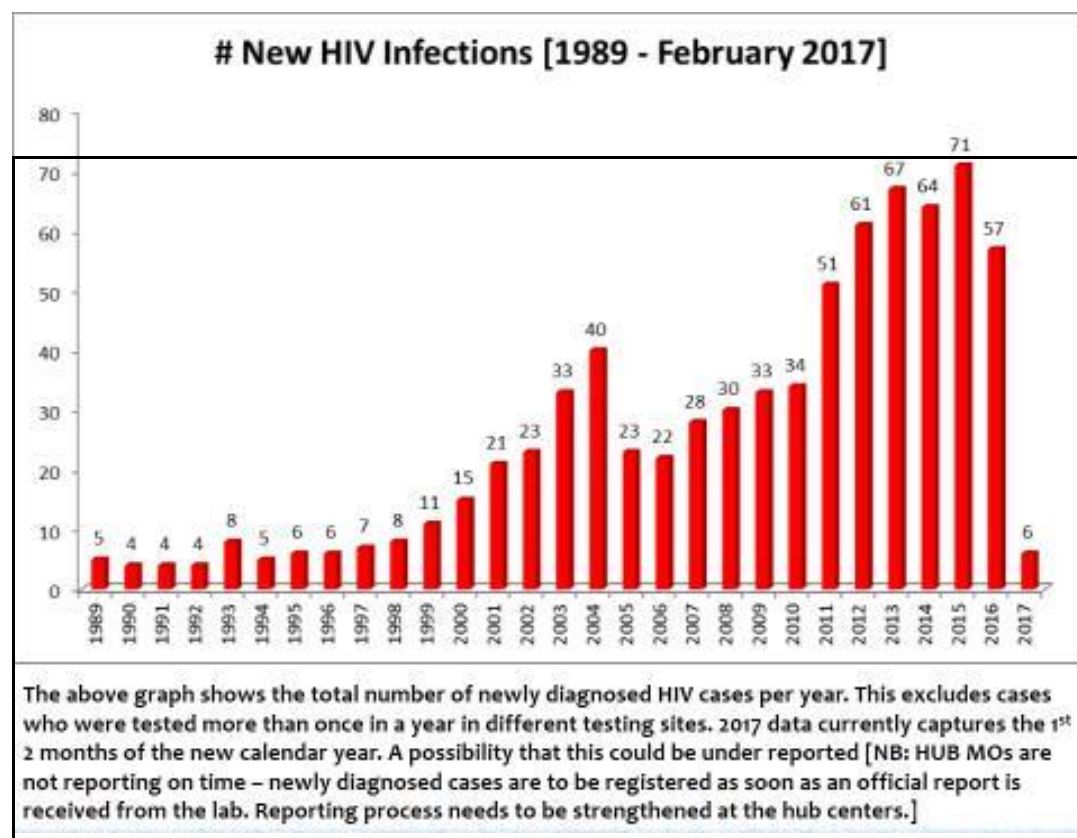
### Malnutrition Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Division

Num discharged (Sum)	Division (Cou)				
Year (Sum)	Central	Eastern	Northern	Western	Grand Total
2015	61	12	35	60	<b>168</b>
2016	51	11	54	51	<b>167</b>
2017	38	5	45	41	<b>129</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>464</b>

Malnutrition Num discharged (Sum)	Ethnicity (Cou)			
Year (Sum)	Fijian of Indian descent	ITaukei	Other	Grand Total
2015	30	135	3	<b>168</b>
2016	26	138	3	<b>167</b>
2017	14	112	3	<b>129</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>464</b>

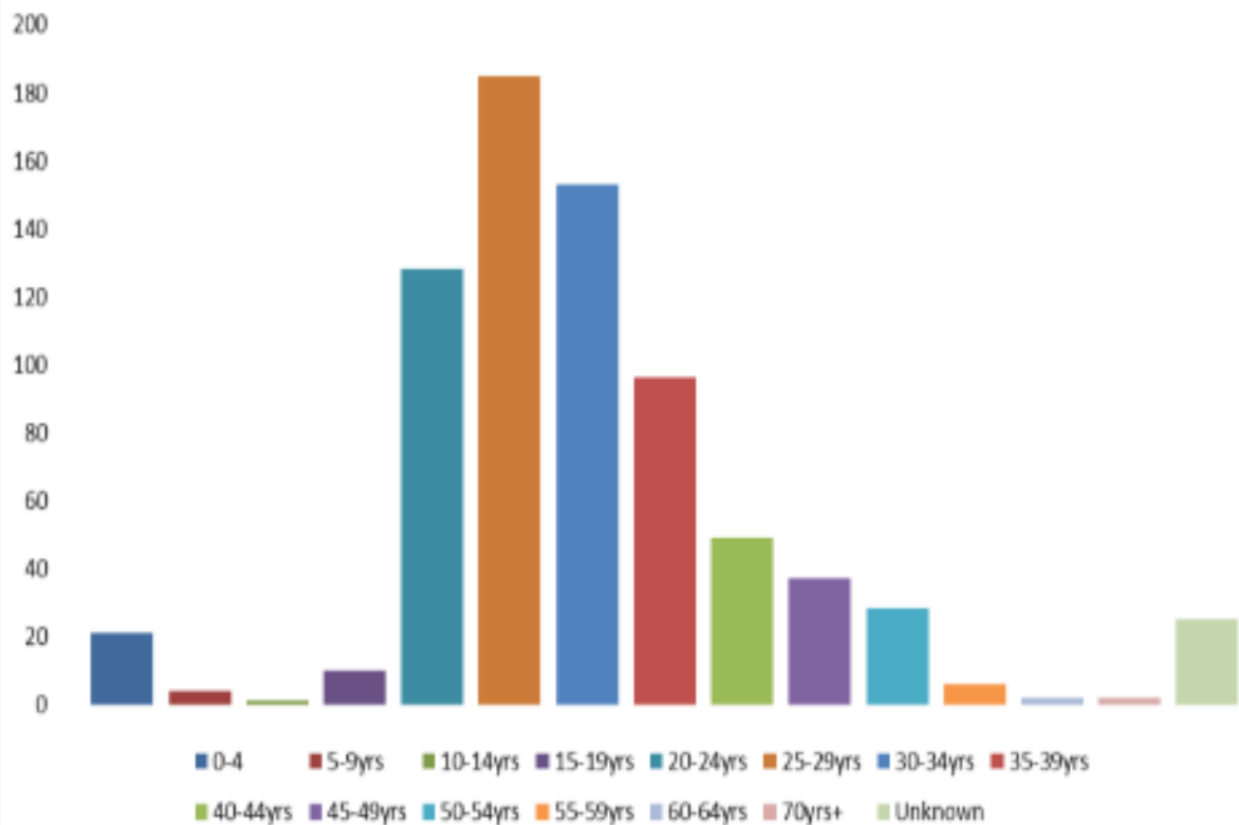
### Mental Illness Admissions 2015 - 2017 by Gender

Num discharged (Sum)	Gender (Cou)		
Year (Sum)	Female	Male	Grand Total
2015	280	225	<b>505</b>
2016	233	214	<b>447</b>
2017	221	197	<b>418</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>636</b>	<b>1370</b>

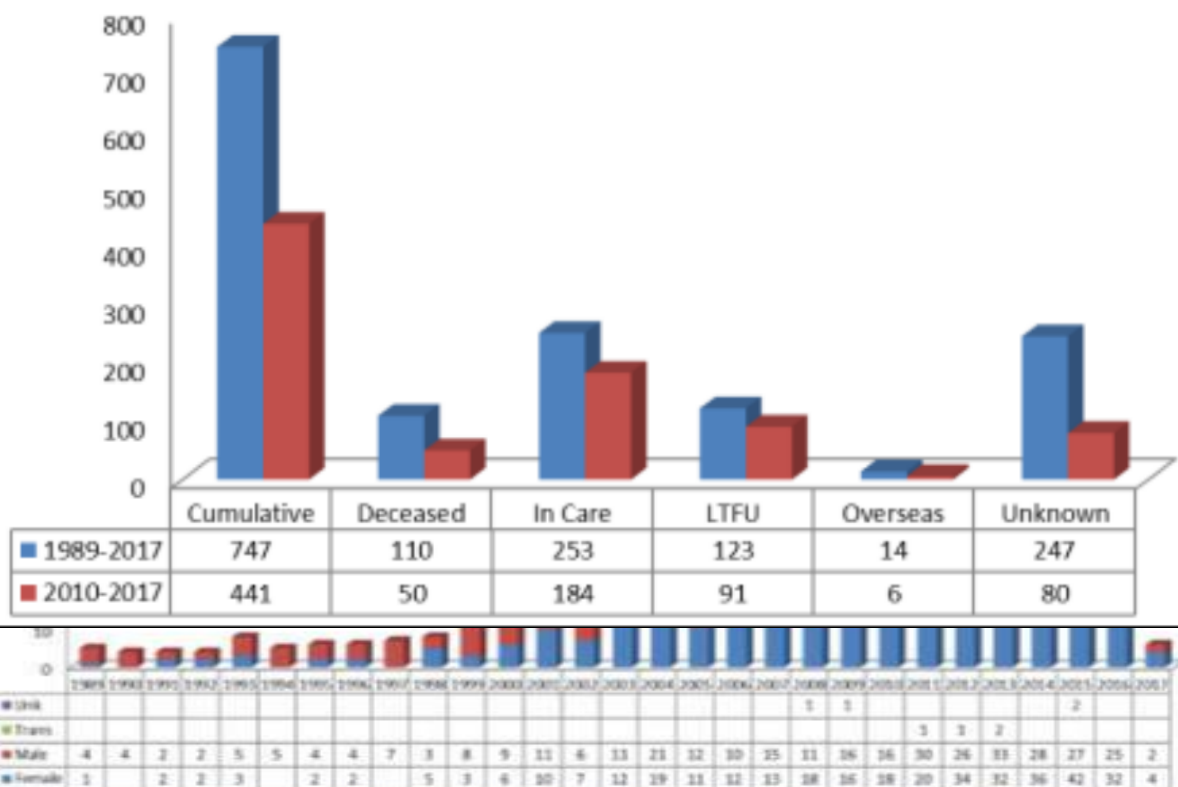




## Age Group Distribution: New HIV Infection [1989 - February 2017]

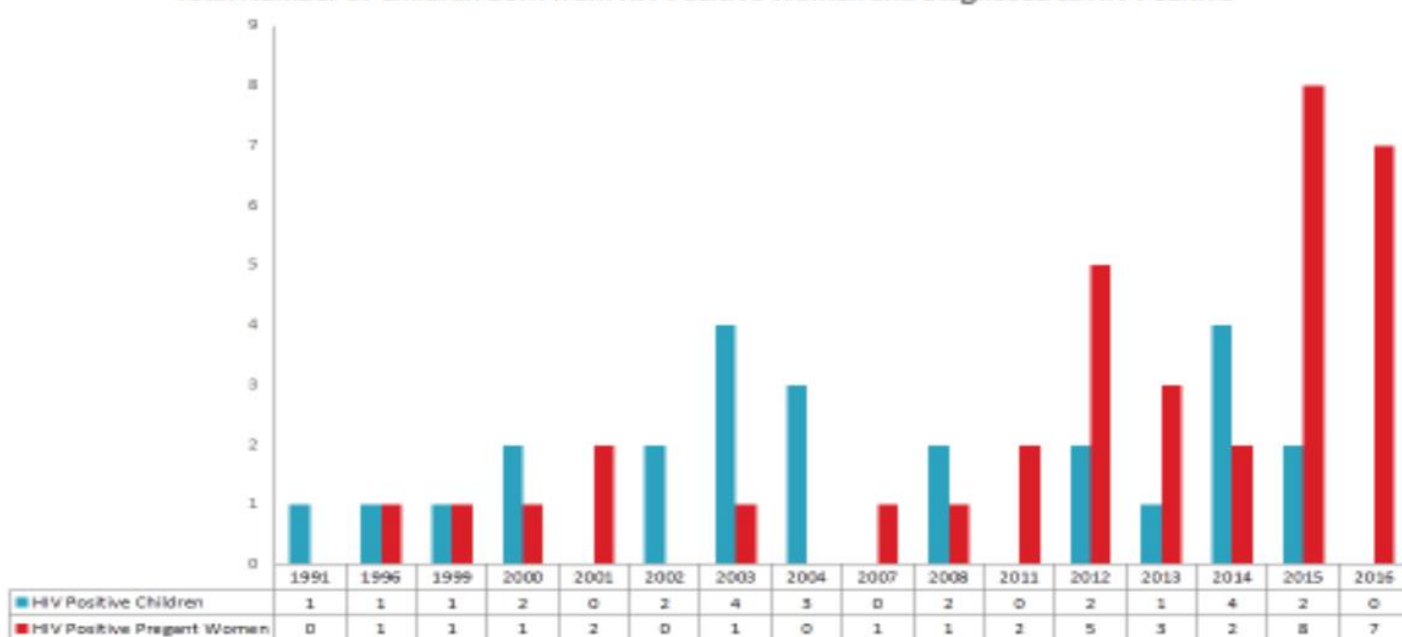


## Comparison Data: Historical vs Current [2010-2017]



A significant paradigm shift is noted from 2012-2016 ; more females were diagnosed as compared to males in previous years. The increase in the number of females is a result of the compulsory HIV & STI screening conducted at the ante natal clinics for all pregnant women on an opt out basis.

Total Number of Children Born from HIV Positive Women and Diagnosed as HIV Positive



HIV screening is done to all babies born from HIV positive mothers. PMTCT was introduced in 2010 and policy was revised in 2013 [PPTCT] which included Option B plus. PPTCT success rate in 2015 was 75% and 100% in 2016. [a possibility that this data could still be unreported]. Diagnosis of HIV infection in infants is aided by HIV culture or DNA/RNA polymerase chain reaction (PCR); positive results are confirmed by repeating the test. In suspected cases, HIV testing should occur in the newborn period (ie, before the infant is 48 h old), at age 1-2 months, and again at age 3-6 months. Testing at age 14 days may allow for earlier detection of HIV in infants who had negative test results within the first 48 hours of life. By approximately age 1 month, PCR testing has a 96% sensitivity and 99% specificity to identify HIV in babies. Final test at 18 months.

Cumulative Total : HIV Infection [1989 - February 2017]



As of February 2017, Fiji has a cumulative total of 747 HIV confirmed cases. Although the 2016 UNAIDS report shows that the number of HIV infection has declined, Fiji depicts otherwise.

(Source: Ministry of Health and Medical Services)

## FIJI WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE – JANUARY 2020

### FIJI WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE CLIENT STATISTICS

#### New Cases Seen From

1984 - 2014

YEAR	DOMESTIC	RAPE/SA	CHILD	SEXUAL	ATT.	OTHERS	TOTAL
	VIOLENCE		ABUSE	HARASSMENT	SUICIDE		
1984	5	3	0	0		0	8
1985	26	3	3	0		39	71
1986	35	3	2	0		83	123
1987	58	7	1	0		92	158
1988	123	9	1	0		180	313
1989	175	5	1	0		211	392
1990	212	10	0	0		203	425
1991	245	4	11	0		244	504
1992	248	10	8	0		259	525
1993	240	13	14	0		391	658
1994	257	33	14	0		566	870
1995	331	30	33	0		490	884
1996	469	26	29	0		469	993
1997	405	18	19	5		505	952
1998	484	20	53	15		559	1131
1999	544	21	24	19		661	1269
2000	361	25	28	8		595	1017
2001	449	23	28	10		722	1232
2002	429	21	33	10		766	1259
2003	394	26	20	23		643	1106
2004	572	20	35	12		508	1147
2005	480	17	42	18		371	928
2006	420	19	41	18		314	812
2007	441	12	27	10		293	783
2008	386	17	38	6		309	756
2009	374	23	59	12		305	773
2010	555	19	43	18		251	886
2011	586	15	42	15		274	932
2012	560	17	45	9		283	914
2013	615	16	44	12		229	916
2014	665	20	41	11		201	938
Total	11144	505	779	231	0	11016	23675

## **2015 – January 2020**

FWCC	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
2015	690	7	2	6	19	16	13	14	242	3	1012
2016	642	6	3	2	17	16	8	14	205	1	914
2017	542	4	2	1	20	15	1	19	194	0	798
2018	573	10	2	3	26	9	5	12	160	0	800
2019	562	12	4	1	55	22	10	10	158	0	834
2020	61	1	1	2	5	3	0	1	16	0	90
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3070</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4448</b>

## **NADI WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE STATISTICS**

### **New Cases Seen From**

**1999 - 2014**

YEAR	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	RAPE/SA	CHILD ABUSE	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	ATT. SUICIDE	OTHERS	TOTAL
1999	123	10	10	2	0	216	361
2000	92	4	21	6	0	149	272
2001	109	10	13	18	0	271	421
2002	145	4	10	10	0	250	419
2003	94	6	11	8	0	154	273
2004	141	4	10	2	0	127	284
2005	108	4	5	6	0	68	191
2006	101	4	9	1	0	77	192
2007	95	4	3	6	0	66	174
2008	166	6	7	4	0	74	257
2009	179	4	9	6	0	83	281
2010	208	9	6	5	0	66	294
2011	214	8	13	9	0	67	311
2012	266	3	10	10	0	68	357
2013	268	12	7	17	0	88	392
2014	284	4	15	12	0	65	380
<b>Total</b>	<b>2593</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1889</b>	<b>4859</b>

## 2015 – January 2020

NWCC	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
2015	291	10	2	0	7	3	3	8	90	1	415
2016	280	3	0	0	6	4	0	11	121	0	425
2017	235	1	1	0	4	7	0	3	113	0	364
2018	269	5	3	5	10	8	0	7	70	0	377
2019	210	19	1	2	24	10	7	13	45	0	331
2020	20	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	27
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1305</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1939</b>

## BA WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE STATISTICS

### New Cases Seen From

1999 - 2014

YEAR	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	RAPE/SA	CHILD ABUSE	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	ATT. SUICIDE	OTHERS	TOTAL
1999	125	7	13	10		126	281
2000	103	6	5	3		129	246
2001	163	5	6	14		184	372
2002	170	7	4	7		168	356
2003	149	5	5	7		85	251
2004	192	7	9	4		122	334
2005	158	4	6	7		83	258
2006	157	3	10	5		47	222
2007	104	2	2	1		68	177
2008	87	1	5	1		58	152
2009	87	3	3	4		444	541
2010	120	4	5	1		65	195
2011	100	1	9	1		54	165
2012	82	7	2	7		81	179
2013	126	3	6	7		109	251
2014	155	10	11	13		93	282
<b>Total</b>	<b>2078</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1916</b>	<b>4262</b>



## **2015 – January 2020**

BWCC	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
2015	191	3	0	0	4	6	3	3	79	0	289
2016	142	1	2	0	2	8	1	4	124	0	284
2017	159	1	1	0	7	8	0	2	46	0	224
2018	130	2	1	0	6	2	0	2	79	0	222
2019	178	7	2	0	8	4	1	1	71	0	272
2020	9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	0	18
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1309</b>

## **LABASA WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE**

### **New Cases Seen From**

**1999 - 2014**

YEAR	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	RAPE/SA	CHILD ABUSE	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	ATT. SUICIDE	OTHERS	TOTAL
1999	109	5	6	1	0	69	190
2000	64	0	9	4	0	53	130
2001	89	7	12	10	0	243	361
2002	85	4	6	1	0	195	291
2003	81	3	11	5	0	184	284
2004	62	5	9	1	22	143	242
2005	76	5	12	11	20	151	275
2006	49	4	18	10	17	152	250
2007	41	3	13	2	10	131	200
2008	77	6	6	1	11	116	217
2009	137	7	27	1	3	88	263
2010	81	7	9	1	0	119	217
2011	75	12	13	0	0	137	237
2012	95	12	12	4	0	164	287
2013	105	13	6	8	0	106	238
2014	98	10	17	5	0	147	277
<b>Total</b>	<b>1324</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>2198</b>	<b>3959</b>

## 2015 – January 2020

LWCC	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
2015	89	2	2	0	11	2	0	1	133	1	241
2016	101	4	3	2	4	2	0	0	298	0	414
2017	96	2	1	0	2	3	0	1	69	0	174
2018	84	2	0	0	5	10	0	2	53	0	156
2019	98	2	0	0	10	8	3	3	39	0	163
2020	8	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	9	0	19
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1167</b>

## RAKIRAKI WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE STATISTICS

### New Cases Seen From

#### 2011 – 2014

YEAR	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	RAPE/SA	CHILD ABUSE	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	ATT. SUICIDE	OTHERS	TOTAL
2011	20	0	1	1	0	19	41
2012	41	1	0	0	0	49	91
2013	69	1	4	1	0	34	109
2014	50	0	2	0	0	30	82
<b>Total</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>323</b>

## 2015 – January 2020

RWCC	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
2015	48	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	27	1	79
2016	59	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	189	1	251
2017	50	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	22	1	78
2018	45	0	1	0	5	2	0	1	30	0	84
2019	38	1	0	0	3	4	0	1	25	0	72
2020	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>572</b>

### Note:

- ❓ Prior to 2015 all Child Abuse cases regardless of type and all Adult Child Abuse Survivor cases were counted under Child Abuse category. Child Abuse numbers include both male and female cases.

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2015 (Jan - Dec) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

BRANCH	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offence	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Other	Att. Suicide	Total
FWCC	690	7	2	6	19	16	13	14	242	3	1012
LWCC	89	2	2	0	11	2	0	1	133	1	241
BWCC	191	3	0	0	4	6	3	3	79	0	289
NWCC	291	10	2	0	7	3	3	8	90	1	415
RWCC	48	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	27	1	79
TOTAL	1309	23	7	6	41	28	19	26	571	6	2036

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2016 (Jan – Dec) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

BRANCH	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offence	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Other	Att. Suicide	Total
FWCC	642	6	3	2	17	16	8	14	205	1	914
LWCC	101	4	3	2	4	2	0	0	298	0	414
BWCC	142	1	2	0	2	8	1	4	124	0	284
NWCC	280	3	0	0	6	4	0	11	121	0	425
RWCC	59	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	189	1	251
TOTAL	1224	14	9	4	29	30	9	30	937	2	2288

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2017 (Jan – Dec) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

Branch	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
FWCC	542	4	2	1	20	15	1	19	194	0	798
LWCC	96	2	1	0	2	3	0	1	69	0	174
BWCC	159	1	1	0	7	8	0	2	46	0	224
NWCC	235	1	1	0	6	5	0	3	113	0	364
RWCC	50	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	22	1	78
TOTAL	1082	9	6	1	35	33	1	26	444	1	1638

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2018 (Jan – Dec) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

Branch	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
FWCC	573	10	2	3	26	9	5	12	160	0	800
LWCC	84	2	0	0	5	10	0	2	53	0	156
BWCC	130	2	1	0	6	2	0	2	79	0	222
NWCC	269	5	3	5	10	8	0	7	70	0	377
RWCC	45	0	1	0	5	2	0	1	30	0	84
TOTAL	1101	19	7	8	52	31	5	24	392	0	1639

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2019 (Jan - December) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

Branch	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
<b>FWCC</b>	562	12	4	1	55	22	10	10	158	0	<b>834</b>
<b>LWCC</b>	98	2	0	0	10	8	3	3	39	0	<b>163</b>
<b>BWCC</b>	178	7	2	0	8	4	1	1	71	0	<b>272</b>
<b>NWCC</b>	210	19	1	2	24	10	7	13	45	0	<b>331</b>
<b>RWCC</b>	38	1	0	0	3	4	0	1	25	0	<b>72</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1086</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1672</b>

### **FWCC and Branches Total Statistics Year 2020 (January) of Came In New Counselling Visits**

Branch	Domestic Violence	Rape	Att. Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Child Sexual Abuse	Child Physical/Emotional/Verbal Abuse	Adult Child Abuse Survivor	Sexual Harassment	Others	Att. Suicide	Total
<b>FWCC</b>	61	1	1	2	5	3	0	1	16	0	<b>90</b>
<b>LWCC</b>	8	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	9	0	<b>19</b>
<b>BWCC</b>	9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	0	<b>18</b>
<b>NWCC</b>	20	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	<b>27</b>
<b>RWCC</b>	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>8</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>162</b>

Key:

FWCC: Fiji Women's Crisis Centre

BWCC: Ba Women's Crisis Centre

RWCC: Rakiraki Women's Crisis Centre

LWCC: Labasa Women's Crisis Centre

NWCC: Nadi Women's Crisis Centre

(Source: The Fiji Women Crisis Centre)

# OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR PUBLIC PROSECUTION 2020 DATA

## ODPP MEDIA UPDATE

### ODPP Rape and Sexual Offences Statistics from January to December 2020

#### January

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
18	13	10	3

#### February

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
23	18	16	2

#### March

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
18	11	10	1

#### April

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
12	10	9	1

#### May

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
12	9	7	2

#### June

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
31	21	18	3

#### July

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
21	12	10	2

#### August

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
18	13	12	1

#### September

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
27	25	23	2

#### October

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
28	22	16	6

#### November

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
22	17	16	1

#### December

Total Charged	Total of 18 yrs. below Charged and victims	Number of 18 yrs. below victim	Number of 18 yrs. below charged
16	15	13	2



**2020 Total Offences Children age 18 below**

	Total Charged	Total Charged for 18yrs below (1-18yrs)	Under 18 years (1-17yrs)
1	18	13	10
2	23	18	17
3	18	11	12
4	12	10	11
5	12	9	7
6	31	21	18
7	21	12	10
8	18	13	13
9	27	25	22
10	28	22	16
11	22	17	16
12	16	15	13
Total	246	186	165

According to the ODPP stats that was provided in their website, the data recorded on the table is under 18 years which only range from 1-17yrs. The data above is for 18 years below that is the range from 1-18yrs. The offences are rape, attempted rape, sexual assault, indecent assault, abduction and defilement.

(SOURCE: <https://odpp.com.fj/media-updates-2/>)

## Contact Lists

MENTAL HEALTH		FIJI POLICE FORCE	
Suva St Giles Hospital	3381399	Fiji Police Emergency	917
Stress management Ward	3313444	Fiji Police Information	919
Community Mental Health Team	3215051	POLICE HEADQUARTERS	Suva - 3343777
Public Health Nurse	330 6177	CID HEADQUARTERS	3315999
Adolescent Health Development	Suva – 3319078 Lautoka – 6640243 Labasa - 8812522	Totogo Police Station	3311222
STI Clinic	Suva - 3319144	SOUTHERN DIVISION	3372524
EMPOWER PACIFIC		Nabua Police Station	3384000
Lautoka	6650482/7769224	Navua Police Station	3460222
Mobile	8318515	Lami Police Station	3361222
Suva	7780015	Samabula Police Station	3381222
Labasa	7760017	Raiwaqa Police Station	3383222
Nadi	7760018	Valelevu Police Station	3393222
SOCIAL WELFARE DEPARTMENT		Nasinu Police Station	3392222
CHILD HELP LINE	1325	Kadavu Police Station	3681268
Suva	3315585	Vanuabalavu Police Station	8280890
Ba	6674245	Lakeba Police Station	8280999
Lautoka	6660241	Moala Police Station	6030307
Nausori	3478361	Rotuma Police Station	8891222
Nasinu	3683395	WESTERN DIVISION	6662222
Nabouwalu	8836166	Lautoka Police Station	6660222
Nadi	6700430	Ba Police Station	6674222
Rakiraki	6694432	Nadi Police Station	6700222
Savusavu	8850365	Namaka Police Station	6722222
Sigatoka	6500127	Sabeto Police Station	6722285
Taveuni	8881469	Rakiraki Police Station	6694222
Vunidawa	3683093	Nalawa Police Station	6280005
FIJI WOMEN'S CRISIS CENTRE		Sigatoka Police Station	6500222
Suva	3313300/9209470	Navosa Police Station	6280862
Nadi	6707558/7404760	Tavua Police Station	6680222
Labasa	8816609/9377784	Vatukoula Police Station	6681575
Ba	6670466/9239775	EASTERN DIVISION	3477589
Ra	6694012/9129790	Nausori Police Station	3477222
MEDICAL SERVICES PACIFIC		Nakasi Police Station	3410722
Suva Office	3315295	Vunidawa Police Station	3685392
Suva Clinic	4502907	Korovou Police Station	3430222
	3310865/8387332	Levuka Police Station	3440222
Labasa Office	8811308	Koro Police Station	3681002
Labasa Clinic	8280308	NORTHERN DIVISION	8811222
Lautoka Hope Centre	6640243	Labasa Police Station	8811222
Lifeline Fiji Crisis Line	132454 [24/7]	Seaqaqa Police Station	8860222
Fiji Women's Right Movement	3313156	Savusavu Police Station	8850222
Youth Champs for Mental Health	8620146	Tukavesi Police Station	8283045

Pacific Centre for Peacebuilding	3310208/3310209 7770458/9920458	Taveuni Police Station	8880222
Media Watch Fiji	3308605	Nabouwalu Police Station	8280512
Online Safety Commission	322 5600/330 5811	Drug Free Fiji Kalesi Volatabu volatabugroup@gmail.com	9074068
UNICEF	3300439 3301091 3301881 3301918	Ministry of Forests	
LEGAL AID COMMISSION		HQ Suva West North	3301611 3320211 6661300 8812077
Suva	3311195	MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE	
Nasinu	3390963	Suva West North	3384233 3477044 6661000 8812244
Korovou	3430027	MINISTRY OF YOUTH & SPORTS	
Nausori	3470003	Suva West North	3315960 3312200 6667811 8813255
Navua	3460012	COUNSELLING SERVICES SAAC	
Sigatoka	6500172	Counselling Line	7734181/7734182
Nadi	6700030	Office	3394144/3394180
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